Evaluating capacity building and organisational change for health improvement

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Presentation outline

- Introduction to the evaluation projects
- Capacity building and organisational change in health promotion
- Organisational change theory
- Capacity building theory
- Combining these theories to create logic models for evaluation
- The evaluation questions to be asked when evaluating organisational change (and some of the answers)
- What we've learned about evaluating capacity building and organisational change



Health promotion practitioners are interested in influencing organisationsoften they are interested in influencing the activities or policies of other organisations who have an influence on the health of the population.

Don Nutbeam and Elizabeth Harris. 1998. *Theory in a NUTSHELL*. A practitioners guide to commonly used theories and models in health promotion.



'It is now the time for all sports to create healthy, diverse and welcoming clubs and organisations'.

Building health through sport. VicHealth action plan 2010-2013. October 2010

http://www.vichealth.vic.gov.au/Publications/Physical-Activity/Sport-and-recreation/Building-health-through-sport.aspx



While there are many actions that individuals can take to improve their own health and reduce the risk of preventable cancers, Local Government plays a vital role in nurturing a living environment that makes a healthier lifestyle the easier option.

'alive and well'. Councils for healthy local living. Cancer Council NSW website http://www.cancercouncil.com.au/18318/reduce-risks/local-government-initiatives/alive-and-well-program/council-for-healthy-local-living/?pp=36582



Capacity building is about creating change





Schools









Local or Municipal Government





Sporting organisations





Evaluation of health promotion capacity building and organisational change projects

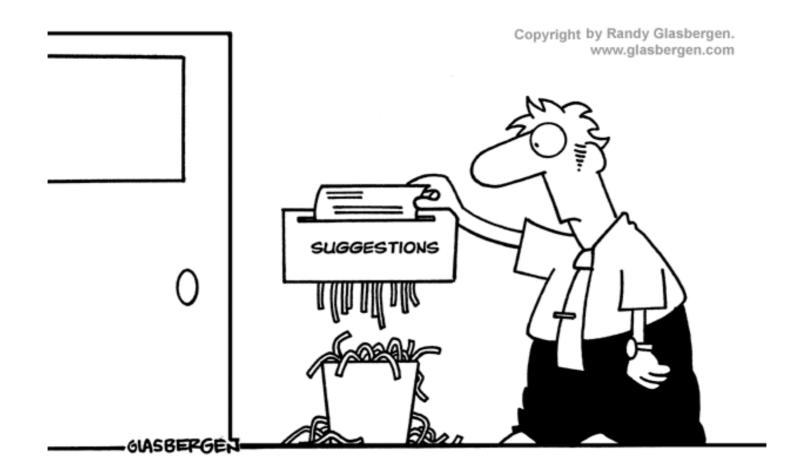
- Increasing the capacity of Local Government to influence physical activity participation
- Increasing the capacity of Local Government to improve sun protection for the community
- Influencing sporting organisations to increase sports participation among disadvantaged groups



Organisational Change

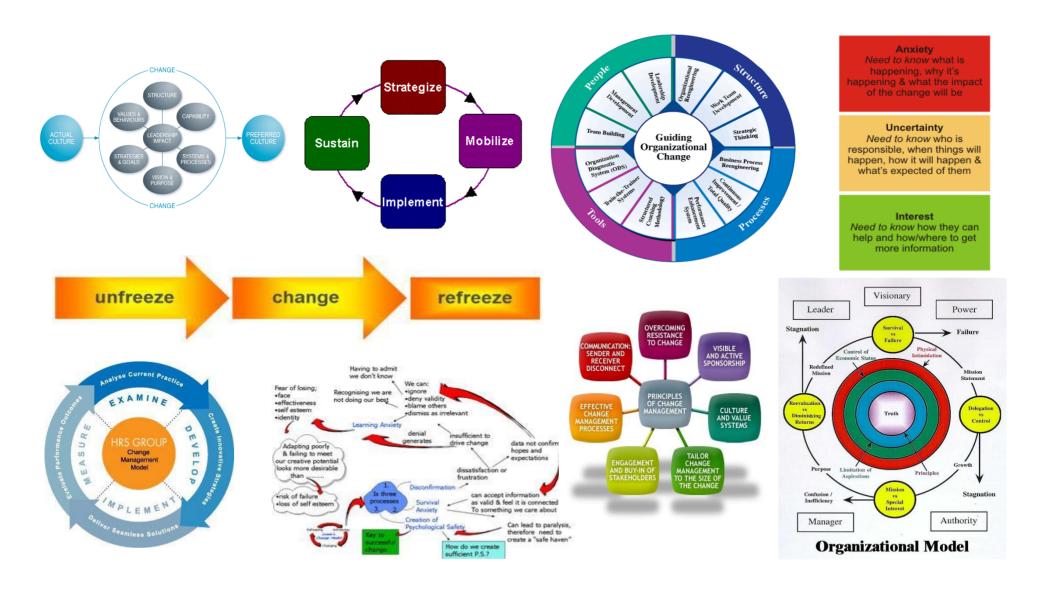








Organisational change theories & models





What is the theory of change for the health promotion program?







AN ACTION PLAN FROM THE WORLD'S FOREMOST EXPERT ON BUSINESS LEADERSHIP

Leading



John P. Kotter

HARVARD BUSINESS SCHOOL PRESS

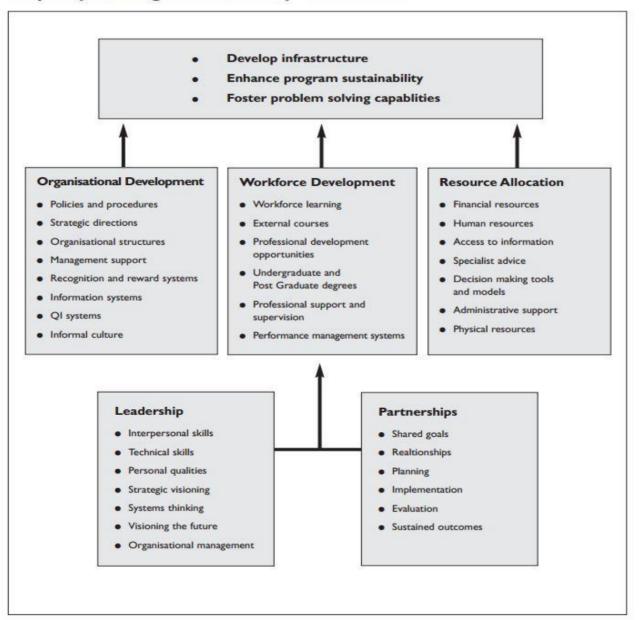


Kotter's 8 stage process of creating change

- 1. Establishing a sense of urgency
- 2. Creating the guiding coalition
- 3. Developing a vision and strategy
- 4. Communicating the vision
- 5. Empowering broad-based action
- 6. Generating short-term wins
- 7. Consolidating gains and producing more change
- 8. Anchoring new approaches in the culture

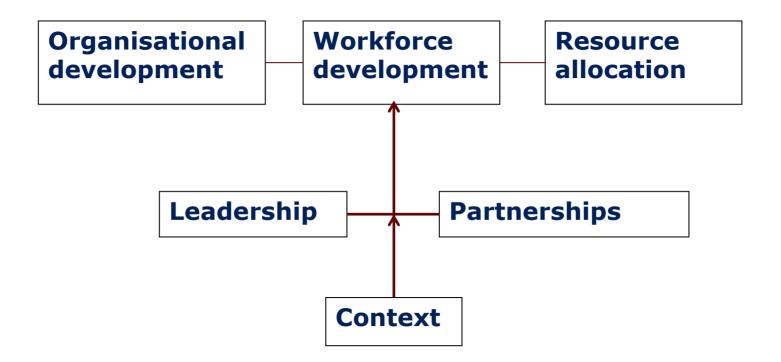


Capacity building framework key action areas





Capacity Building Framework in summary





Evaluation methods

- Interviews with staff of local government at different levels of management
- Organisational change survey (Adapted from Armenakis et al. (2007) and Herscovitch & Meyer (2002)).
- Review of Local Government plans and documents



Context and Stimulus

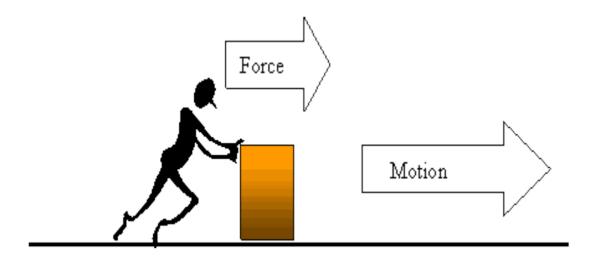
Stage One

Establishing a sense of urgency

What is/was the stimulus for change?

Why would the organisation change? Are positive conditions for change present?

Is/was there any urgency for change?





Copyright 2003 by Randy Glasbergen. www.glasbergen.com



"How come you never bring me any of your stupid ideas anymore?"



Stage Two

Creating the guiding coalition

Is a guiding coalition established?

Who are the partners? How are they working together?

How well is the guiding coalition working?





Stage Three

Developing a vision and strategy

Is the vision for change clearly established?

Is it agreed by key leaders in the organisation?

Stage Four

Communicating the vision

Who is responsible for communicating the vision?

Is there a strategy for communicating the vision throughout the organisation? How well is this being implemented?





Who is providing the leadership?

Where do they sit in the organisation?

How effective are they as leaders?





PARTNERSHIPS

Have all the required partners –internal and external - been identified?

Have all the required partners been engaged?

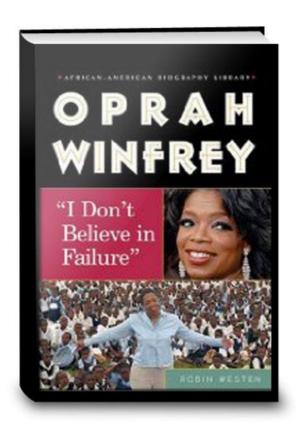




ACHIEVING A HIGH PROFILE

Is the change initiative achieving a high profile in the organisation?

Are management fully aware of and supporting the change initiative?





Workforce development and Organisational development

Stage Five

Empowering broad based action

How is the workforce being developed to support change?

How are structures and processes being changed to support the new vision?

How is senior management supporting the change?







"At one point, I had seventeen vice presidents. That's when I realized it was time to restructure the company and get back to basics."



Stage Six

Generating short-term wins

Were there short term wins?

Were these recognised across the organisation?

How did this influence commitment to change?





Stage Seven

Consolidating gains and producing more change

Resource allocation



Is there ongoing commitment and action from all levels in the organisation?

Are changed practices being embedded in the organisation?

Have resources been committed to the process of change?

Are more people being brought in to enhance progress?

Is there more change happening, not less?





Stage eight

Anchoring new approaches in the culture

Have changes in norms and culture been absorbed into the organisation?

Are people across the organisation convinced the new ways are better than the old ways?

Is the organisation more 'health promoting'?



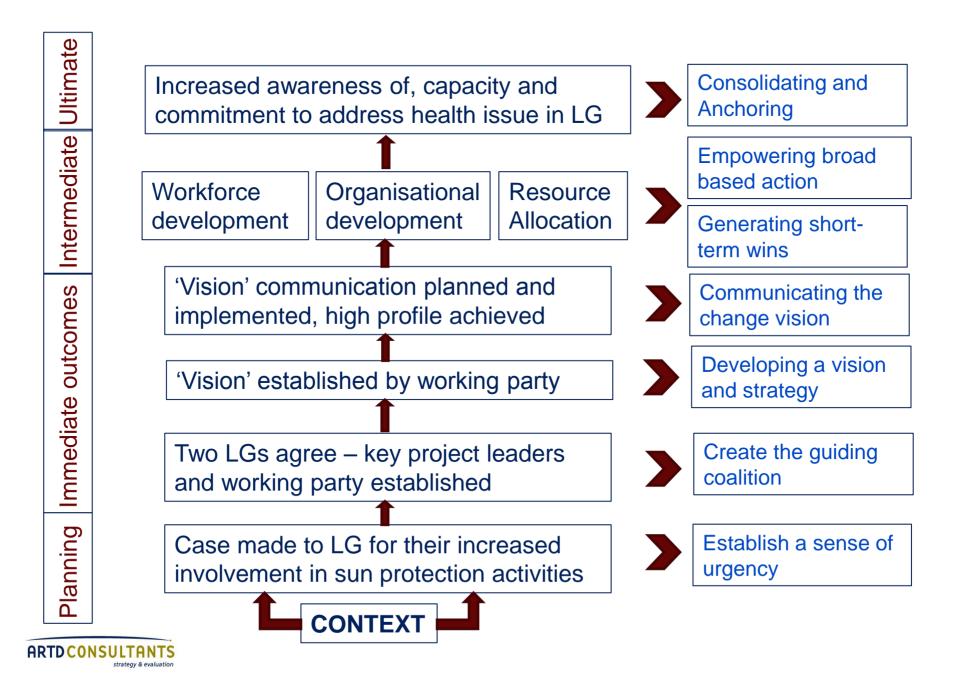


CONTEXT - MECHANISM = OUTCOME

Pawson and Tilley, 1997. Realist Evaluation. Sage



PROGRAM LOGIC MODEL FOR ORGANISATIONAL CHANGE IN LOCAL GOVT



Conclusions

- Combining a model of capacity building and Kotter's organisational change model is a useful approach for evaluating projects designed to create organisational change for health improvement
- Health promotion interventions that aim to change organisations for health improvement goals need to understand how organisations change (or do not change).



THANK YOU

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